S&T Quartz Care & Maintenance

General rules

The following instructions should be considered guidelines for ordinary indoor use and are not by any means a substitute for the end user's responsibilities. The presence of an artificial binder gives all S&T Quartz materials high resistance to water absorption, which protects the surfaces from dirt and makes it easy to remove.

Standard maintenance of polished surfaces, Quartz

These surfaces do not require any protective treatment or the use of special detergents.

Cleaning is carried out by using water and common commercially available detergents (such as lithofin easy clean). Avoid using particularly abrasive detergents, which may cause tiny scratches. The use of very aggressive and highly concentrated products must be tested in advance. The regular application of polishing products (e.g. Lithofin Cream Polish) helps to keep the original shine unchanged over time.

Contact with objects at a temperature of more than 140-160° C may damage the surface. In these cases it is advisable to use special hot pan coasters.

Damage caused by acidic substances

This range of products cannot be damaged by acids found in daily use. It might, however, be damaged by prolonged contact with alkaline substances or repeated washing with alkaline detergents.

Scratch resistance

This range of products has exceptional scratch resistance. In normal conditions of use scratches will not be visible. Slight scratches on light-coloured materials can be removed with thorough use of sponges and abrasive detergents. The repair of dark surfaces is however difficult and seldom successful.

Removing tough stains

Both acidic products and alkaline ones can be used thanks to the high level of resistance of these materials. Their effect must be tested in advance. A very aggressive use of sponges or abrasive detergents may damage the surface.

Rust stains

These are haloes caused by the presence of humidity during storage of the slabs, which brings traces of iron oxide, present in the mixture, to the surface. These can very easily be removed by using special acidic detergents (lithofin ASR) and will not form again during the cutting of the slab.



